

# **Self-Efficacy Toward a Healthcare Career Among Low-Income Minority High School Students: A Mixed Methods Study**



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#### Introduction

The disproportionate underrepresentation of minority physicians is partially attributed to attrition from the high school-to-medical school pipeline. While many barriers to healthcare careers exist for URM students, a strong sense of self-efficacy may help mitigate some of these obstacles.

## **Objectives/Aims**

Determine how high-achieving underrepresented minority (URM) high school students describe their self-efficacy toward a healthcare career, and to what extent these students' experiences, beliefs, and selfidentified attributes correspond with their selfefficacy ratings.

#### Methods

- We recruited students from a STEM/healthcare summer program for focus groups to discuss careers in healthcare and aspects of academic selfefficacy (n=31 students; 6 focus groups).
- Participants completed a pre-validated survey of academic, social, and emotional self-efficacy. We dichotomized participants to "high" or "low" groups for each self-efficacy domain.
- We developed codes inductively and revised through discussion. Two coders reached 100% inter-rater agreement in final code application. Coded data were thematically analyzed.
- We integrated qualitative and quantitative data through a joint display of themes across high or low self-efficacy survey domains.

### Results

## Individual Students' Mean Academic Self-Efficacy Rating



if I ask for help, I'll be judged."

#### Results

- Students with low academic self-efficacy discussed being too nervous to ask for help, for fear of being judged, and feeling "less smart" compared to their peers.
- Students with high academic self-efficacy described strategies for developing relationships with teachers and seeking help from multiple sources, as well as the belief that not asking for help was self-limiting.
- Students with low social self-efficacy noted feeling inferior to peers when discussing academic and career aspirations and recognized their difficulty with time and stress management

#### **Conclusions**

Students' ratings of academic self-efficacy aligned with their descriptions of strategies such as asking for help and time management. All students expressed similar academic and career aspirations, regardless of survey-based ratings.

## **Future Directions**

- Among URM high school students in a STEM/healthcare pipeline program, self-efficacy may facilitate the ability to address academic and other career-related obstacles.
- Efforts to recruit and improve diversity in the physician workforce should focus on students' career aspirations and strategies to support selfefficacy toward their academic success.

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